

Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions



Electric Domestic Water Heater



*This water heater must be installed and serviced by a qualified person.
Please leave this guide with the householder.*

RHEEM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD A.B.N. 21 098 823 511

www.rheem.com.au

For Service Telephone 131 031 AUSTRALIA

An electronic copy of these Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions
can be downloaded from rheem.com.au.

PATENTS

This water heater may be protected by one or more patents or registered designs
in the name of Rheem Australia Pty Ltd.

TRADEMARKS

® Registered trademark of Rheem Australia Pty Ltd.
TM Trademark of Rheem Australia Pty Ltd.

Note: Every care has been taken to ensure the accuracy in preparation of this
publication. No liability can be accepted for any consequences,
which may arise as a result of its application.

CONTENTS

HOUSEHOLDER

This booklet contains important information about your new water heater, including terms of the Rheem warranty.

We recommend you read pages 8 to 26,
and the terms of the Rheem warranty on pages 4 to 7.

The other pages are intended for the installer but may be of interest.

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RHEEM ELECTRIC DOMESTIC MAINS PRESSURE WATER HEATER WARRANTY - AUSTRALIA ONLY

ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS 421, 491, 492 SERIES 080-400 MODELS

1. THE RHEEM WARRANTY – GENERAL

- 1.1 This warranty is given by Rheem Australia Pty Limited ABN 21 098 823 511 of 1 Alan Street, Rydalmere New South Wales.
- 1.2 Rheem offer a trained and qualified national service network who will repair or replace components at the address of the water heater subject to the terms of the Rheem warranty. Rheem Service, in addition can provide preventative maintenance and advice on the operation of your water heater. The Rheem Service contact number is 131031, with Contact Centre personnel available 24 hours, 7 days a week to take your call and if necessary to arrange a service call for during normal working hours Monday to Friday (hours subject to change).
- 1.3 For details about this warranty, you can contact us on 131031 or by email at warrantyenquiry@rheem.com.au (not for service bookings).
- 1.4 The terms of this warranty and what is covered by it are set out in sections 2 and 3 and apply to water heaters manufactured from the 1st November 2018.
- 1.5 If a subsequent version of this warranty is published, the terms of that warranty and what is covered by it will apply to water heaters manufactured after the date specified in the subsequent version.

2. TERMS OF THE RHEEM WARRANTY AND EXCLUSIONS TO IT

- 2.1 Rheem may reject a claim under this warranty in its sole discretion if:
 - a) You do not arrange for a major service to be conducted on your water heater in the sixth year after installation, in accordance with Rheem's recommendation in the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions; and
 - b) The fault giving rise to the warranty claim would have been detected and rectified during that major service.
- 2.2 The decision of whether to repair or replace a faulty component is at Rheem's sole discretion.
- 2.3 If you require a call out and we find that the fault is not covered by the Rheem warranty, you are responsible for our standard call out charge. If you wish to have the relevant component repaired or replaced by Rheem, that service will be at your cost.
- 2.4 Where a failed component or cylinder is replaced under this warranty, the balance of the original warranty period will remain effective. The replacement does not carry a new Rheem warranty.

RHEEM ELECTRIC DOMESTIC MAINS PRESSURE WATER HEATER WARRANTY - AUSTRALIA ONLY

ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS 421, 491, 492 SERIES 080-400 MODELS

- 2.5 Where the water heater is installed outside the boundaries of a metropolitan area as defined by Rheem or further than 25 km from either a regional Rheem branch office or an Accredited Rheem Service Agent's office, the cost of transport, insurance and travelling between the nearest branch office or Rheem Accredited Service Agent's office and the installed site shall be the owner's responsibility.
- 2.6 Where the water heater is installed in a position that does not allow safe or ready access, the cost of that access, including the cost of additional materials handling and/or safety equipment, shall be the owner's responsibility. In other words, the cost of dismantling or removing cupboards, doors or walls and the cost of any special equipment to bring the water heater to floor or ground level or to a serviceable position is not covered by this warranty.
- 2.7 This warranty only applies to the original and genuine Rheem water heater in its original installed location and any genuine Rheem replacement parts.
- 2.8 The Rheem warranty does not cover faults that are a result of:
- a) Accidental damage to the water heater or any component (for example:
(i) Acts of God such as floods, storms, fires, lightning strikes and the like;
and (ii) third party acts or omissions).
 - b) Misuse or abnormal use of the water heater.
 - c) Installation not in accordance with the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions or with relevant statutory and local requirements in the State or Territory in which the water heater is installed.
 - d) Connection at any time to a water supply that does not comply with the water supply guidelines as outlined in the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions.
 - e) Repairs, attempts to repair or modifications to the water heater by a person other than Rheem Service or a Rheem Accredited Service Agent.
 - f) Faulty plumbing or faulty power supply.
 - g) Failure to maintain the water heater in accordance with the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions.
 - h) Transport damage.
 - i) Fair wear and tear from adverse conditions (for example, corrosion).
 - j) Cosmetic defects.

RHEEM ELECTRIC DOMESTIC MAINS PRESSURE WATER HEATER WARRANTY - AUSTRALIA ONLY

ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS 421, 491, 492 SERIES 080-400 MODELS

- 2.9 Rheem may reject a claim under this warranty in its sole discretion if a third party solar diverter is connected to the water heater.
- 2.10 Subject to any statutory provisions to the contrary, this warranty excludes any and all claims for damage to furniture, carpet, walls, foundations or any other consequential loss either directly or indirectly due to leakage from the water heater, or due to leakage from fittings and/ or pipe work of metal, plastic or other materials caused by water temperature, workmanship or other modes of failure.
- 2.11 If the water heater is not sized to supply the hot water demand in accordance with the guidelines in Rheem's water heater literature, any resultant fault will not be covered by the Rheem warranty.

3. WHAT IS COVERED BY THE RHEEM WARRANTY FOR THE WATER HEATERS DETAILED IN THIS DOCUMENT

- 3.1 Rheem will repair or replace a faulty component of your water heater if it fails to operate in accordance with its specifications as follows:

What components are covered	The period from the date of installation in which the fault must appear in order to be covered	What coverage you receive
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421, 491, 492 series 080-400 models

All components	Year 1	Repair and/or replacement of the faulty component, free of charge, including labour.
The cylinder (if the water heater is installed in a single-family domestic dwelling)	Years 2 to 12	Replacement cylinder, free of charge. Installation and repair labour costs are the responsibility of the owner.
The cylinder (if the water heater is <u>not</u> installed in a single-family domestic dwelling)	Years 2 & 3	Replacement cylinder, free of charge. Installation and repair labour costs are the responsibility of the owner.

RHEEM ELECTRIC DOMESTIC MAINS PRESSURE WATER HEATER WARRANTY - AUSTRALIA ONLY

ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS 421, 491, 492 SERIES 080-400 MODELS

4. ENTITLEMENT TO MAKE A CLAIM UNDER THIS WARRANTY

- 4.1 To be entitled to make a claim under this warranty you need to:
- a) Be the owner of the water heater or have consent of the owner to act on their behalf.
 - b) Contact Rheem Service without undue delay after detection of the defect and, in any event, within the applicable warranty period.
- 4.2 You are not entitled to make a claim under this warranty if your water heater:
- a) Does not have its original serial numbers or rating labels.
 - b) Is not installed in Australia.

5. HOW TO MAKE A CLAIM UNDER THIS WARRANTY

- 5.1 If you wish to make a claim under this warranty, you need to:
- a) Contact Rheem on 131031 and provide owner's details, address of the water heater, a contact number and date of installation of the water heater or if that's unavailable, the date of manufacture and serial number (from the rating label on the water heater).
 - b) Rheem will arrange for the water heater to be tested and assessed on-site.
 - c) If Rheem determines that you have a valid warranty claim, Rheem will repair or replace the water heater in accordance with this warranty.
- 5.2 Any expenses incurred in the making of a claim under this warranty will be borne by you.

6. THE AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER LAW

- 6.1 Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under the Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and for compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.
- 6.2 The Rheem warranty (set out above) is in addition to any rights and remedies that you may have under the Australian Consumer Law.

SAFETY, WARNINGS, INSTALLATION NOTES

It is important you read the following safety and warnings information.

SAFETY AND WARNINGS

- This water heater is only intended to be operated by persons who have the experience or the knowledge and the capabilities to do so.
- This water heater is not intended to be operated by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities i.e. the infirm, or by children. Children should be supervised to ensure they do not interfere with the water heater.
- If the electrical conduit to the water heater is damaged, it must be replaced by a qualified person in order to avoid a hazard. Phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent to arrange for an inspection.
- This water heater uses 220 V – 240 V a.c. power for the electrically operated components. The removal of the front cover(s) will expose 220 V – 240 V a.c. wiring. It must only be removed by a qualified person.
- This water heater is supplied with a thermostat, an over-temperature cut-out and a combination temperature pressure relief valve. In addition, a RheemPlus water heater has a temperature limiting valve. These devices must not be tampered with or removed. The water heater must not be operated unless each of these devices is fitted and is in working order.

The Rheem warranty may not cover faults if relief valves or other safety devices are tampered with or if the installation is not in accordance with these instructions.

- **DANGER:** The operation of the over-temperature cut-out on a thermostat indicates a possibly dangerous situation. If the over-temperature cut-out operates, it must not be reset and the water heater must be serviced by a qualified person.
- Do not modify this water heater.
- The water heater will operate until a water temperature of 60°C to 70°C is reached in cylinder, depending upon the thermostat setting.

A Rheemglas® 49 series model can deliver hot water at this temperature.

A RheemPlus™ 42 series 50°C limited water heater is temperature limited at the outlet. This is so the water temperature supplied from fixtures used primarily for personal hygiene does not exceed 50°C.

Refer to **“How Hot Should The Water Be?”** on page 12 and **“Temperature Adjustment”** on page 13.

- The lever on the temperature pressure relief valve and expansion control valve (if fitted) requires to be operated every six (6) months to clear any deposits and to ensure the valve and its drain line are not blocked.

Refer to “**Relief Valves**” on page 9 and “**Minor Maintenance Every Six Months**” on page 17.

- For continued safety of this water heater it must be installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the Owner’s Guide and Installation Instructions.
- Servicing of a water heater must only be carried out by qualified personnel. Phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent.
- Only a person qualified to install or service a water heater can drain the water heater, if this is required.

RELIEF VALVES

Temperature Pressure Relief Valve

This water heater incorporates a temperature pressure relief valve located near the top of the water heater. This valve is essential for the water heater’s safe operation.

It is possible for the valve to discharge a quantity of water through the drain line during each heating period. This quantity should be equal to approximately 1/50 of the hot water used, as water expands by this volume when heated.

Expansion Control Valve

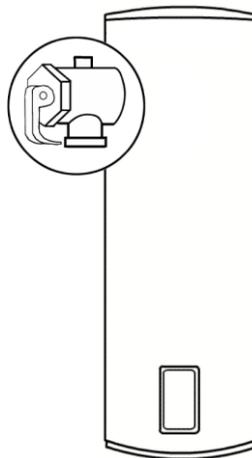
In many areas, including South Australia, Western Australia and scaling water areas, it is mandatory an expansion control valve is fitted to the cold water line to the water heater.

The expansion control valve will discharge the quantity of water from its drain line during the heating period instead of the temperature pressure relief valve as it has a lower pressure rating.

Valve Operation

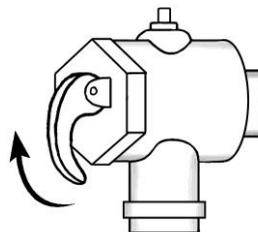
Continuous leakage of water from either valve and its drain line may indicate a problem with the water heater. Refer to “**Temperature Pressure Relief Valve or Expansion Control Valve Running**” on page 25.

⚠ Warning: Never block the outlet of either valve or their drain lines for any reason. A relief valve drain must be left open to atmosphere, and be installed in a continuously downward direction.



In locations where water pipes are prone to freezing, the relief valve drain line must be insulated and not exceed 300 mm in length before discharging into a tundish through an air gap.

Operate the easing lever on the temperature pressure relief valve and expansion control valve once every six (6) months to clear any deposits and ensure the valve and its drain line are not blocked. **It is very important the lever is raised and lowered gently.** Refer to “Minor Maintenance Every Six Months” on page 17.



⚠ Warning: Water discharged from the temperature pressure relief valve drain line will be hot. Exercise care to avoid any splashing of water by standing clear of the drain line’s point of discharge when operating either valve’s easing lever.

⚠ DANGER: Failure to operate the easing lever on the relief valve once every six (6) months may result in the water heater cylinder failing, or under certain circumstances, exploding.

If water does not flow freely from the drain line when the lever is lifted, then the water heater must be checked. Phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent to arrange for an inspection.

The temperature pressure relief valve should be replaced at intervals not exceeding six (6) years and the expansion control valve should be checked for performance or replaced at intervals not exceeding six (6) years. The checking of the valves performance or replacement should occur more frequently in areas where there is a high incidence of water deposits. Refer to “Water Supplies” on page 19.

INSTALLATION NOTES

This water heater must be installed:

- by a qualified person,
- in accordance with the installation instructions,
- in compliance with the Plumbing Code of Australia (PCA) and Plumbing Standard AS/NZS 3500.4,
 - This water heater is designed for indoor or outdoor installation.
 - This water heater is intended to be permanently connected to the water mains and not connected by a hose-set. A braided flexible hose or semi-flexible connector may be used for connection to the water heater, where permitted by AS/NZS 3500.4.

- in compliance with the Australian / New Zealand Wiring Rules AS/NZS 3000,
 - Isolation switches must be installed in the electrical circuit to the water heater in accordance with the Wiring Rules, so the water heater can be switched off.
 - The power supply wires are to be directly connected to the terminal block and earth tab connection, with no excess wire loops inside the front cover. The temperature rating of the power supply wires insulation must suit this application, or the wiring protected by insulating sleeving with an appropriate temperature rating if it can make contact with the internal storage cylinder. The temperature of the internal storage cylinder can reach 70°C under normal operation.
- in compliance with all local codes and regulatory authority requirements,

Installation and commissioning requirements and details for the installing plumber and licensed electrical worker are contained on [pages 27 to 50](#).

Mains pressure water supply

The water heater is designed to operate at mains pressure by connecting directly to the mains water supply.

The water heater is supplied with a temperature pressure relief valve. If an expansion control valve has been installed on the cold water line to the water heater, this should have a pressure rating as shown in the table below.

If the mains water supply pressure in your area exceeds that shown, an approved pressure limiting valve is required.

Models	080 – 160	250 – 400
Temperature pressure relief valve setting	1400 kPa	1000 kPa
Expansion control valve setting*	1200 kPa	850 kPa
Maximum mains supply pressure		
With expansion control valve	960 kPa	680 kPa
Without expansion control valve	1120 kPa	800 kPa

The supply pressure should be greater than 350 kPa for true mains pressure operation to be achieved.

ABOUT YOUR WATER HEATER

WATER HEATER APPLICATION

This water heater is designed for use in a single family domestic dwelling for the purpose of heating potable water. Its use in an application other than this may shorten its life.

MODEL TYPE

The Rheemglas 49 series or RheemPlus 42 series water heater you have chosen is suitable for either indoor or outdoor installation.

Rheemglas 49 series models are available with either a single heating unit or with twin heating units and RheemPlus 42 series models are available with a single heating unit only (refer to “Single Element Model” on page 15 and “Twin Element Model” on page 15).

Water is stored in a vitreous enamel lined steel cylinder and heated by the electric immersion heating unit. The thermostat controls the water temperature inside the cylinder. Automatic safety controls are fitted to the water heater to provide safe and efficient operation.

A Rheem 42 series model is a 50°C limited water heater designed with a temperature limiting valve installed at the outlet of the cylinder to limit the water temperature delivered from the water heater.

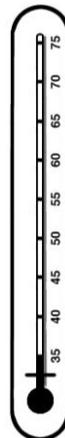
A Rheemglas 49 series water heater has caps covering brass plugs on one side of the tank. The plugs and caps block off alternative connection points and are not to be tampered with or removed.

HOW HOT SHOULD THE WATER BE?

The water heater features a tradesperson adjustable thermostat, which allows you to choose the most suitable temperature for your hot water needs. Refer to “Temperature Adjustment” on page 13.

A RheemPlus 42 series 50°C limited water heater is temperature limited at the outlet. This is so the water temperature supplied from fixtures used primarily for personal hygiene does not exceed 50°C.

To meet the requirements of the National Plumbing Standard the temperature of the stored water must not be below 60°C.



← maximum thermostat setting 080 to 400 models

← minimum thermostat setting and minimum recommended stored water temperature.

← top heating unit thermostat setting on a twin element model (not adjustable)

← maximum recommended supply temperature to bathrooms and ensuites

HOTTER WATER INCREASES THE RISK OF SCALD INJURY

This water heater can deliver water at temperatures which can cause scalding.

Check the water temperature before use, such as when entering a shower or filling a bath or basin, to ensure it is suitable for the application and will not cause scald injury.

RheemPlus 42 Series – 50°C Limited Water Heater

A RheemPlus 42 series water heater delivers water not exceeding 50°C in accordance with AS 3498. The risk of scald injury will be reduced.

There is no need to fit a temperature limiting device to satisfy the requirements of the Plumbing Code of Australia if a RheemPlus 42 series 50°C limited water heater is installed and serving an application where 50°C is the maximum permissible hot water temperature at the outlet of a fixture used primarily for personal hygiene, such as in a bathroom or ensuite.

Rheemglas 49 Series

A Rheemglas 49 series water heater can deliver hot water at a temperature up to 70°C depending upon the thermostat setting, sufficiently hot to cause severe scalding. Water at this temperature may have been plumbed to fixtures where water hotter than 50°C is allowed, such as the kitchen and laundry.

We recommend and it may also be required by regulations that an approved temperature limiting device be fitted into the pipe work from the hot water outlet and serving a bathroom and ensuite when a Rheemglas 49 series water heater is installed. This will keep the water temperature below 50°C at the bathroom and ensuite. The risk of scald injury will be reduced and still allow hotter water to the kitchen and laundry.

TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT

A Rheemglas 49 series or RheemPlus 42 series water heater features a tradesperson adjustable thermostat. This requires a licensed electrical worker to make any temperature adjustments. The thermostat on a 080 to 400 litre model (bottom thermostat on twin element models) has a maximum temperature setting of 70°C and a minimum temperature setting of 60°C. The top thermostat on a twin element model has a fixed setting of 60°C and cannot be adjusted.

We advise you to have a licensed electrical worker adjust the thermostat to the lowest temperature setting that meets your needs, especially if there are young children or elderly people in your home. Refer to **“Hotter Water Increases The Risk of Scald Injury”** on page 13.

The water temperature is limited from the outlet of a RheemPlus 50°C limited water heater. This is so the water temperature from the fixtures supplied from this outlet and used primarily for personal hygiene does not exceed 50°C. The minimum thermostat setting should be 65°C to assist in the specified operation

of its temperature limiting valve. Increasing the thermostat setting will not increase the outlet temperature but will provide more hot water capacity.

THERMOSTAT

The thermostat automatically controls the electricity supply to the heating unit so a constant temperature is maintained. The thermostat and its protective over temperature cut out is mounted inside the front cover of the water heater. There is no need to switch the water heater off when it is not in use, except when you are on an extended holiday. The thermostat is fully automatic and power is only used when heating is required.

PRECAUTIONS

Where damage to property can occur in the event of the water heater leaking, the water heater must be installed in a safe tray. Construction, installation and draining of a safe tray must comply with AS/NZS 3500.4 and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

The water heater must be maintained in accordance with the Owner's Guide and Installation Instructions. Refer to "[Maintenance Requirements](#)" on page 17 and to "[Anode Inspection and Replacement](#)" on page 20.

If this water heater is to be used where an uninterrupted hot water supply is necessary for your application or business you should ensure that you have back-up redundancy within the hot water system design. This should ensure the continuity of hot water supply in the event that this water heater were to become inoperable for any reason. We recommend you seek advice from a plumber or specifier about your needs and building back-up redundancy into your hot water supply system.

TO TURN OFF THE WATER HEATER

If you plan to be away from home for only a few nights, we suggest you leave the water heater switched on.

If it is necessary to turn off the water heater:

- Switch off the electrical supply at the water heater isolating switch on the switchboard or at the isolating switch at the water heater (if installed).
- Close the cold water isolation valve at the inlet to the water heater.

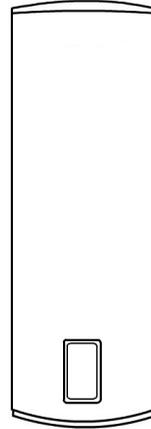
TO TURN ON THE WATER HEATER

- Open the cold water isolation valve fully on the cold water line to the water heater.
- Switch on the electrical supply at the water heater isolating switch on the switchboard and at the isolating switch at the water heater (if installed).

SINGLE ELEMENT MODEL

This type of water heater has one heating unit with its own thermostat, located at the base of the water heater.

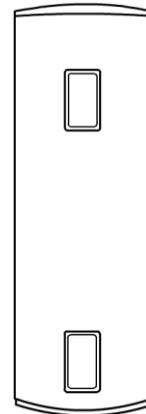
- **Continuous electricity supply**
This type of connection is suited to where the storage capacity is less than the normal daily usage.
- **Off-Peak electricity supply**
This type of connection will only allow heating to occur during set hours. A volume of water sufficient for the day's total use is heated and stored. This type of heating will be more economical due to reduced tariffs by the electricity authority.



TWIN ELEMENT MODEL

This type of water heater has two heating units, each with its own thermostat. One heating unit is at the base of the water heater and the other near the top.

- **Bottom heating unit**
During normal operation this heating unit supplies all the hot water.
- **Top heating unit (Booster)**
This heating unit only operates during periods of high demand to provide an additional supply of heated water.
- **Electrical connection**
The two heating units are wired for non-simultaneous operation, so that only one heating unit can operate at a time. The bottom heating unit is usually connected to an Off-Peak (overnight) or time controlled supply and the top heating unit to a Continuous / Domestic supply. Some electricity suppliers allow both heating units to be metered at the Off-Peak or controlled tariff.



NOTE: Power must be available to the top heating unit circuit at all times for this water heater to operate as designed.

GOING ON HOLIDAY?

If you plan to be away from home for one or two nights, we suggest you leave the water heater switched on. However, if you plan to stay away more than a few nights, conserve energy by switching the water heater off at either the switchboard or isolating switch (if one is installed).

Note: When the electrical supply is switched back on, the water heater will take some time to reheat the water. Depending upon the power supply connection, hot water may not be available until the next day.

VICTORIAN CUSTOMERS

Notice to Victorian Customers from the Victorian Building Authority. This water heater must be installed by a licensed person as required by the Victorian Building Act 1993.

Only a licensed person will give you a Compliance Certificate, showing that the work complies with all the relevant Standards. Only a licensed person will have insurance protecting their workmanship for 6 years. Make sure you use a licensed person to install this water heater and ask for your Compliance Certificate.

DOES THE WATER CHEMISTRY AFFECT THE WATER HEATER?

The water heater is suitable for most public water supplies, however some water chemistries may have detrimental effects on the water heater, its components and fittings. Refer to **“Water Supplies”** on page 19.

If you are in a known harsh water area or you are not sure of your water chemistry, have your water checked against the conditions **described on pages 19 to 22**.

HOW LONG WILL THE WATER HEATER LAST?

The water heater is supported by a manufacturer’s warranty (**refer to page 4**). There are a number of factors that will affect the length of service the water heater will provide. These include but are not limited to the water chemistry, the water pressure, the water temperature (inlet and outlet) and the water usage pattern. Refer to **“Precautions”** on page 14.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

TEMPERATURE LIMITING VALVE

A RheemPlus 50°C limited water heater is fitted with a temperature limiting valve at the outlet. The valve is set so the water temperature from the fixtures used primarily for personal hygiene does not exceed 50°C.

The valve should be checked for performance at least every twelve (12) months. This can be performed by using a thermometer to measure the water temperature from the hot tap used primarily for personal hygiene nearest to the water heater. If the water being delivered is at a temperature exceeding 50°C, phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent to arrange for an inspection.

The valve must be replaced at intervals not exceeding six (6) years, or more frequently in areas where there is a high incidence of water deposits (refer to “Water Supplies” on page 19). Failure to do this may result in water at a temperature up to 70°C being delivered at the hot tap, increasing the risk of scald injury.

MINOR MAINTENANCE EVERY SIX MONTHS

It is recommended minor maintenance be performed every six (6) months. Minor maintenance can be performed by the dwelling occupant.

The minor maintenance includes:

- Operate the easing lever on the temperature pressure relief valve. **It is very important the lever is raised and lowered gently.** Refer to “Relief Valves” on page 9.

 **Warning:** Water discharged from the temperature pressure relief valve drain line will be hot. Exercise care to avoid any splashing of water by standing clear of the drain line’s point of discharge when operating the valve’s easing lever.

- Operate the easing lever on the expansion control valve (if fitted). **It is very important the lever is raised and lowered gently.** Refer to “Relief Valves” on page 9.
- Check the performance of the temperature limiting valve (RheemPlus model).

Use a thermometer to measure the water temperature from the hot tap used primarily for personal hygiene nearest to the water heater. If the water temperature exceeds 50°C, phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent to arrange for an inspection. Refer to “Temperature Limiting Valve” on page 17.

- Check the drain line from the safe tray (if one is installed) is not blocked.

MAJOR SERVICE EVERY SIX YEARS

It is recommended a major service be conducted on the water heater every six (6) years.

⚠ Warning: Servicing of a water heater must only be carried out by qualified personnel. Phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent.

Note: The major service and routine replacement of any components, such as the anode and relief valve(s), are not included in the Rheem warranty. A charge will be made for this work. Only genuine replacement parts should be used on this water heater.

The major service includes the following actions:

- Replace the temperature limiting valve (RheemPlus model).
- Replace the temperature pressure relief valve.
- Inspect and flush the expansion control valve (if fitted). If required, replace the valve.
- In areas with water supplies that are either softened or desalinated, or where the water supply may alternate or is variable, inspect and (if there is any sign of depletion) replace the anode. Refer to **“Anode Inspection and Replacement”** on page 20.
- Check the electric heating unit for excessive calcium build-up or corrosion and replace if necessary.
- Visually check the unit for any potential problems.
- Inspect all connections.
- Check the drain line from the safe tray (if one is installed) is not blocked.

Note: The water heater may need to be drained during this service. After the completion of the service, the water heater will take some time to reheat the water. Depending upon the power supply connection, hot water may not be available until the next day.

WATER SUPPLIES

This water heater must be installed in accordance with this advice to be covered by the Rheem warranty.

This water heater is manufactured to suit the water conditions of most public reticulated water supplies. However, there are some known water chemistries which can have detrimental effects on the water heater and its operation and / or life expectancy. If you are unsure of your water chemistry, you may be able to obtain information from your local water supply authority. This water heater should only be connected to a water supply which complies with these guidelines for the Rheem warranty to apply.

ANODE

The vitreous enamel lined cylinder of the water heater is only covered by the Rheem warranty when the total dissolved solids (TDS) content in the water is less than 2500 mg/L and when the correct colour coded anode is used. If an incorrect colour coded anode is used in the water heater, any resultant faults will not be covered by the Rheem warranty. In addition, the use of an incorrect colour coded anode may shorten the life of the water heater cylinder.

The correct colour coded anode must be selected and fitted to the water heater in accordance with the following advice and the [Anode Selection chart](#) on page 20 for the Rheem warranty to apply to the water heater cylinder.

Total Dissolved Solids	Anode colour code
0 – 40 mg/L	Green
40 – 150 mg/L	Green or Black
150 – 400 mg/L	Black
400 – 600 mg/L	Black or Blue
600 – 2500 mg/L	Blue
2500 mg/L +	Blue (no cylinder warranty)

The changing of an anode must be carried out by a qualified person.

Note: Some water analysis reports may state the conductivity of the water rather than the level of total dissolved solids. Conductivity, measured in microsiemens per centimetre ($\mu\text{S} / \text{cm}$), is directly proportional to the TDS content of the water. TDS, in mg / L, is approximately 70% of the conductivity in $\mu\text{S} / \text{cm}$.

SATURATION INDEX

The saturation index is used as a measure of the water’s corrosive or scaling properties. The saturation index figures stated are calculated using a water temperature of 80°C.

In a corrosive water supply, the water can attack copper parts and cause them to fail. Where the saturation index is less than -1.0, the water is very corrosive and the Rheem warranty does not apply to a copper sheathed heating unit. A corrosion resistant heating unit must be used for the Rheem warranty to apply to the heating unit.

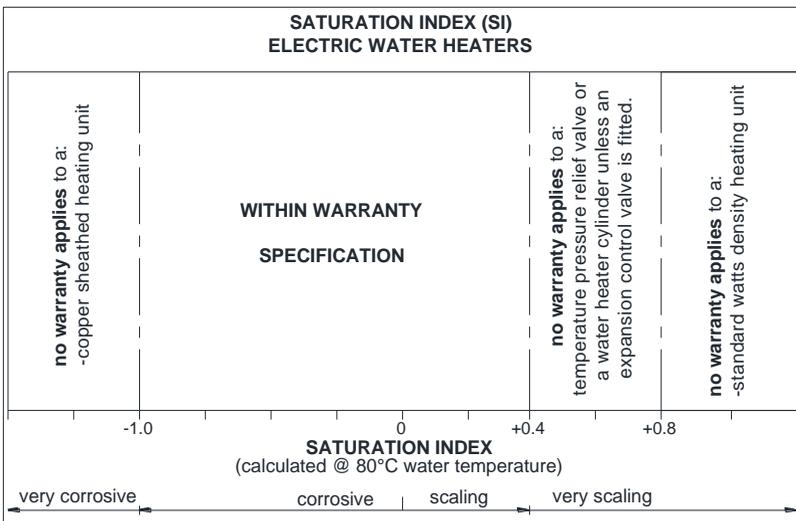
In a scaling water supply calcium carbonate is deposited out of the water onto any hot metallic surface. Where the saturation index exceeds +0.40, the water is very scaling. An expansion control valve must be fitted on the cold water line after the non-return valve to protect and for the Rheem warranty to apply to the temperature pressure relief valve and water heater cylinder.

Where the saturation index exceeds +0.80, the Rheem warranty does not apply to a standard watts density heating unit. A low watts density heating unit must be used for the Rheem warranty to apply to the heating unit.

Water which is scaling may be treated with a water softening device to reduce the saturation index of the water.

Refer to the **Saturation Index chart** on page 21. Refer to the **cold water connection detail on page 39** for the position of the expansion control valve.

Contact Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent if a replacement heating unit is required.



CHANGE OF WATER SUPPLY

The changing or alternating from one water supply to another can have a detrimental effect on the operation and / or life expectation of a water heater cylinder, a temperature pressure relief valve and a heating unit.

Where there is a changeover from one water supply to another, e.g. a rainwater tank supply, bore water supply, desalinated water supply, public reticulated water supply or water brought in from another supply, then water chemistry information should be sought from the supplier or it should be tested to ensure the water supply meets the requirements given in these guidelines for the Rheem warranty to apply.

SUMMARY OF WATER CHEMISTRY ADVICE AFFECTING WARRANTY

The water heater and its components are not suitable for certain water chemistries. Those chemistries are listed below. If the water heater is connected at any time to a water supply with the following water chemistry, the Rheem warranty will not cover any resultant faults on the components listed below:

Water Chemistry	Component
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) > 2500 mg/L	water heater cylinder
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) not suitable for anode type	water heater cylinder
Saturation Index (SI) < -1.0	copper sheathed heating unit
Saturation Index (SI) > +0.4 (if expansion control valve is not fitted)	water heater cylinder temperature pressure relief valve
Saturation Index (SI) > +0.8	standard watts density heating unit

SAVE A SERVICE CALL

Check the items below before making a service call. You will be charged for attending to any condition or fault that is not related to the manufacture or failure of a part.

NOT ENOUGH HOT WATER (OR NO HOT WATER)

- **Is the electricity switched on?**

Inspect the isolating switch marked “HOT WATER” or “WATER HEATER” at the switchboard and the isolating switch (if one is installed) near the water heater and ensure they are turned on.

Note: Check the electricity supply to which the water heater is connected. If on an Off-Peak or time controlled electricity supply, remember heating hours are restricted. Refer to “**Off-Peak Electricity Supply**” on page 15.



Check the fuse or circuit breaker marked “HOT WATER” or “WATER HEATER” at the switchboard.

- **Twin element water heaters**

A twin element non-simultaneous model must have power available to the top heating unit circuit at all times for the water heater to operate as designed.

- **Are you using more hot water than you think?**

Is one outlet (especially the shower) using more hot water than you think?

Very often it is not realised the amount of hot water used, particularly when showering. Carefully review the family’s hot water usage. Have a plumber fit a flow control valve to each shower outlet to reduce water usage.

- **Relief valve running**

Is the relief valve discharging too much water?

Refer to “**Temperature Pressure Relief Valve or Expansion Control Valve Running**” on page 25.

- **Water heater size**

Do you have the correct size water heater for your requirements?

The sizing guide in the Rheem sales literature and on the Rheem website (www.rheem.com.au) suggests average sizes that may be needed.

- **Water not hot enough – thermostat setting**

You may find that due to heavy hot water usage the water temperature may be lower than normally expected, due to insufficient heating time being allowed. You will need to carefully plan your use of the hot water on such occasions.

Rheemglas 49 series models – Ensure the thermostat setting is appropriate. You may choose to have a licensed electrical worker check and adjust the thermostat upwards to a higher temperature and to gain additional hot water capacity.

Refer to “**Temperature Adjustment**” on page 13.

 **Warning:** Hotter water increases the risk of scald injury.

RheemPlus 42 series models – The water temperature is limited from the outlet on a RheemPlus 50°C limited water heater. The water temperature from fixtures supplied from this outlet and used primarily for personal hygiene cannot be increased above 50°C.

Increasing the thermostat setting will not increase the outlet temperature of a RheemPlus model but will provide additional hot water capacity. You may choose to have a licensed electrical worker check and adjust the thermostat upwards to gain additional hot water capacity.

WATER TEMPERATURE TOO HIGH

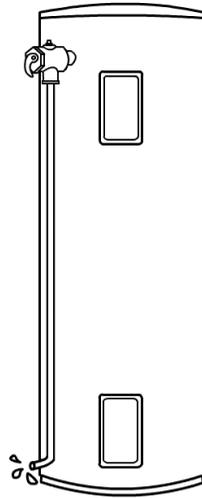
A RheemPlus 50°C limited water heater is fitted with a temperature limiting valve set so the water temperature from the fixtures used primarily for personal hygiene does not exceed 50°C. If water is being delivered from a fixture used primarily for personal hygiene at a temperature exceeding 50°C, phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent to arrange for an inspection. Care must be taken by all householders when using hot water until the valve is serviced or replaced.

TEMPERATURE PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE OR EXPANSION CONTROL VALVE RUNNING

- **Normal Operation**

It is normal and desirable the temperature pressure relief valve or expansion control valve (if fitted) allows a quantity of water to escape during the heating cycle. This quantity should be equal to approximately 1/50 of the hot water used, as water expands by this volume when heated. However, if it discharges more than a bucket full of water in 24 hours, there may be another problem.

The expansion control valve will discharge water instead of the temperature pressure relief valve as it has a lower pressure rating. A benefit is that energy is conserved as the discharged water is cooler. This valve is installed in the cold water line to the water heater (refer to the **cold water connection diagram** on page 39).



- **Continuous dribble**

Try gently raising the easing lever on the relief valve for a few seconds (refer to **“Relief Valves”** on page 9). This may dislodge a small particle of foreign matter and clear the fault. Release the lever gently.

- **Steady flows for long period (often at night)**

This may indicate the mains water pressure sometimes rises above the designed pressure of the water heater. Ask your installing plumber to fit a pressure limiting valve.

⚠ Warning: Never replace the relief valve with one of a higher pressure rating.

- **Heavy flows of hot water from the temperature pressure relief valve until water heater is cold - then stops until water reheats**

The water heater **must** be switched off at the switchboard. Phone Rheem Service or their nearest Accredited Service Agent to arrange for an inspection.

HIGHER THAN EXPECTED ELECTRICITY BILLS

Should you at any time, feel your electricity bill is higher than expected, we suggest you check the following points:

- Is the relief valve running excessively?

Refer to “Temperature Pressure Relief Valve or Expansion Control Valve Running” on page 25.

- Is one outlet (especially the shower) using more hot water than you think?

Refer to “Not Enough Hot Water” on page 23.

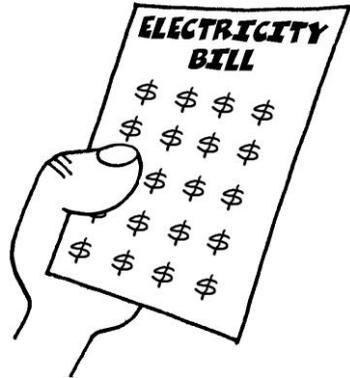
- Is there a leaking hot water pipe, dripping hot water tap, etc?

Even a small leak will waste a surprising quantity of hot water and electricity. Replace faulty tap washers, and have a plumber rectify any leaking pipe work.

- Has there been an increase in hot water usage?

An increase in hot water usage will result in an increase in water heater operation.

- Has your water heating tariff rate been increased by your electricity retailer since your previous bill?



ELECTRICITY TARIFFS

The electricity tariff to which your water heater is connected will determine the overall operating cost of the system. It is important you are aware of this tariff, i.e. Off-Peak (overnight) or time controlled supply, Extended Off-Peak (overnight and day) or Extended time controlled supply, Domestic / Continuous. For types of tariffs, refer to “Single Element Model” on page 15 and “Twin Element Model” on page 15.

IF YOU HAVE CHECKED ALL THE FOREGOING AND STILL BELIEVE YOU NEED ASSISTANCE, PHONE RHEEM SERVICE OR THEIR NEAREST ACCREDITED SERVICE AGENT.

INSTALLATION

THIS WATER HEATER IS NOT SUITABLE FOR POOL HEATING

INSTALLATION STANDARDS

The water heater must be installed:

- by a qualified person, and
- in accordance with the installation instructions, and
- in compliance with the Plumbing Code of Australia (PCA), Standards AS/NZS 3500.4 and AS/NZS 3000, and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

RheemPlus 42 series

This water heater delivers water not exceeding 50°C in accordance with AS 3498.

⚠ Warning: This water heater must only be installed in accordance with the acceptable plumbing configurations specified in these installation instructions. Failure to do so may result in conditions where delivery temperature control is inadequate. Refer to “Hot Water Delivery” on page 30.

Rheemglas 49 series

⚠ Warning: – This water heater may deliver water at high temperature. Refer to the Plumbing Code of Australia, local requirements and these installation instructions to determine if additional delivery temperature control is required. Refer to “Hot Water Delivery” on page 30.

All packaging materials must be removed from the water heater prior to its installation. This includes the removal of the cardboard base of the carton from the underside of the water heater.

WATER HEATER APPLICATION

This water heater is designed for use in a single family domestic dwelling for the purpose of heating potable water. Its use in an application other than this may shorten its life.

If this water heater is to be used where an uninterrupted hot water supply is necessary for the application or business, then there should be back-up redundancy within the hot water system design. This should ensure the continuity of hot water supply in the event that this water heater was to become inoperable for any reason. We recommend you provide advice to the system owner about their needs and building back-up redundancy into the hot water supply system.

WATER HEATER LOCATION

The water heater is suitable for either indoor or outdoor installation. Whether located outdoor or indoor, the water heater should be installed close to the most frequently used outlet and its position chosen with safety and service in mind.

Clearance must be allowed for servicing of the water heater. The water heater must be accessible without the use of a ladder or scaffold. Make sure the temperature pressure relief valve lever is accessible and the front cover, thermostat, heating unit can be removed for service.

You must be able to read the information on the rating plate. If possible leave headroom of one water heater height so the anode can be inspected or replaced. Remember you may have to take the entire water heater out later for servicing.



The water heater is to be installed at ground or floor level and must stand vertically upright on a stable base as acceptable to local authorities. The base of the water heater is made of corrosion resistant material, and it may be placed directly in contact with the supporting surface. It is not necessary to allow for free air circulation under the base of the water heater.

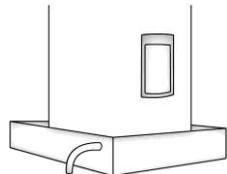
Note: The water heater should not be placed in direct contact with a concrete surface that is less than two months old and not fully cured as this may attack the metal coating of the water heater base. A moisture barrier should be used between the two surfaces in this instance. The barrier should extend at least 100 mm from the water heater and may be trimmed after two months.

Alternatively, a 080 model may be hung on a wall capable of taking the weight of the filled water heater. A wall bracket kit (PN 299120) is available from Rheem. Refer to the instructions supplied with the kit.

Remember all local authorities have regulations about putting water heaters into roof spaces.

SAFE TRAY

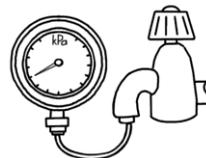
Where damage to property can occur in the event of the water heater leaking, the water heater must be installed in a safe tray. Construction, installation and draining of a safe tray must comply with AS/NZS 3500.4 and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements. AS/NZS 3500.4 also has particular requirements when a safe tray must be installed.



MAINS WATER SUPPLY

Where the mains water supply pressure exceeds that shown in the table below, an approved pressure limiting valve is required and should be fitted as shown in the **cold water connection diagram** on page 39.

Model	080 to 160	250 to 400
Temp press relief valve setting	1400 kPa	1000 kPa
Expansion control valve setting*	1200 kPa	850 kPa
Maximum mains supply pressure		
With expansion control valve	960 kPa	680 kPa
Without expansion control valve	1120 kPa	800 kPa



* Expansion control valve not supplied with water heater

TANK WATER SUPPLY

If the water heater is supplied with water from a tank supply and a pressure pump system is not installed, then the bottom of the supply tank must be at least 1 m above the highest point of the hot water plumbing system, including the water heater. Care must be taken to avoid air locks. The cold water line to the water heater should be adequately sized and fitted with a full flow gate valve or ball valve.

ANODE

The vitreous enamel lined cylinder of the water heater is only covered by the Rheem warranty when the total dissolved solids (TDS) content in the water is less than 2500 mg/L and when the correct colour coded anode is used. If an incorrect colour coded anode is used in the water heater, any resultant faults will not be covered by the Rheem warranty. In addition, the use of an incorrect colour coded anode may shorten the life of the water heater cylinder.

The correct colour coded anode for the water supply being used must be selected and fitted to the water heater for the Rheem warranty to apply to the water heater cylinder (refer to **“Water Supplies”** on page 19 and the **Anode Selection table** on page 19). The black anode is typically fitted as standard.

If an incorrect anode is used, there is also the possibility the anode may become overactive and hydrogen gas could accumulate in the top of the water heater during long periods of no use. In areas where this is likely to occur, the installer should instruct the householder on how to dissipate the gas safely (refer to **“Caution”** on page 20).

REDUCING HEAT LOSSES

The cold water line to and the hot water line from the water heater must be insulated in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS 3500.4. The insulation must be weatherproof and UV resistant if exposed.

SADDLING PIPE WORK

To prevent damage to the cylinder when attaching pipe clips or saddles to the water heater jacket, we recommend the use of self-drilling screws with a maximum length of 13 mm. Should pre-drilling be required, extreme caution must be observed when penetrating the jacket of the water heater.

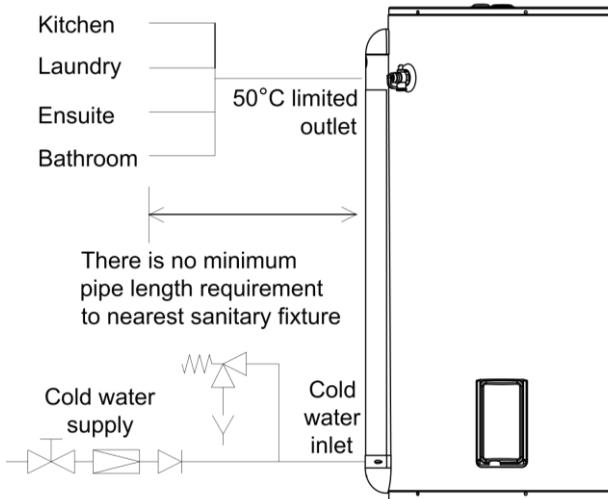
Note: If the cylinder is damaged as a result of attaching pipe clips or saddles to the jacket, any resultant faults will not be covered by the Rheem warranty.

HOT WATER DELIVERY

RheemPlus 42 Series – 50°C Limited Water Heater

A RheemPlus 42 series water heater delivers water not exceeding 50°C in accordance with AS 3498. The risk of scald injury will be reduced.

There is no need to fit a temperature limiting device to satisfy the requirements of the Plumbing Code of Australia if a RheemPlus 42 series 50°C limited water heater is installed and serving an application where 50°C is the maximum permissible hot water temperature at the outlet of a fixture or appliance used primarily for personal hygiene, such as in a bathroom or ensuite.



One Temperature Zone – 50°C Limited Water Heater

Rheemglas 49 Series – Hot Water Outlets

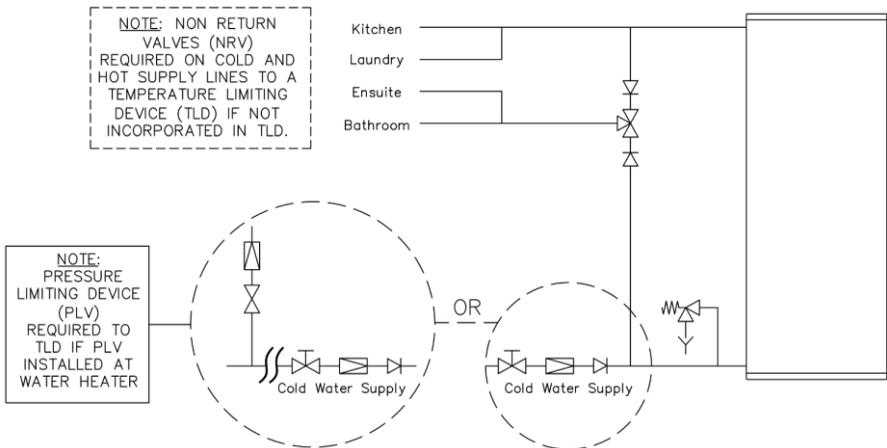
A Rheemglas 49 series water heater can deliver hot water at a temperature up to 70°C depending upon the thermostat setting, sufficiently hot to cause severe scalding. Water at this temperature may be plumbed to fixtures where water hotter than 50°C is allowed, such as the kitchen and laundry.

The installing plumber may have a legal obligation to ensure the installation of this water heater meets the water temperature delivery requirements of the Plumbing Code of Australia so that heated water delivered to fixtures and appliances used primarily for personal hygiene is at a temperature which is unlikely to scald.

It is necessary and we recommend that a temperature limiting device be fitted between a Rheemglas 49 series water heater and the fixtures and appliances used primarily for personal hygiene such as in a bathroom, ensuite, public amenities or other ablution areas, to reduce the risk of scalding.

Where a temperature limiting device is installed adjacent to the water heater, the cold water line to the temperature limiting device can be branched off the cold water line either before or after the isolation valve, pressure limiting valve and non-return valve to the water heater. If an expansion control valve is required, it must always be installed after the non-return valve and be the last valve prior to the water heater.

If a pressure limiting valve is installed on the cold water line to the water heater and the cold water line to a temperature limiting device branches off before this valve or from another cold water line in the premises, then a pressure limiting valve of an equal pressure setting may be required prior to the temperature limiting device.



Two Temperature Zones Using a Temperature Limiting Device

CIRCULATED HOT WATER FLOW AND RETURN SYSTEM

A RheemPlus water heater cannot be installed as part of a circulated hot water flow and return system in a building.

If a Rheem electric water heater is to be installed as part of a circulated hot water flow and return system, it must be able to provide a hot water outlet temperature of at least 60°C. **Note:** The thermostat must always be set to at least 60°C.

Refer to the **Circulated Hot Water Flow and Return – Continuous Electric Water Heater** diagram on page 32.

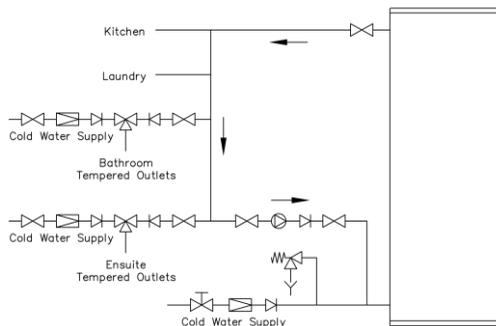
Temperature Limiting Device

A temperature limiting device cannot be installed in circulated hot water flow and return pipe work. The tempered water from a temperature limiting device cannot be circulated. Where a circulated hot water flow and return system is required in a building, a temperature limiting device can only be installed on a dead leg, branching off the circulated hot water flow and return pipe.

If circulated tempered water were to be returned back to the water heater, depending on the location of the return line connection on the water supply line to the water heater, then either:

- water will be supplied to the cold water inlet of the temperature limiting device at a temperature exceeding the maximum recommended water supply temperature, or
- when the hot taps are closed no water will be supplied to the cold water inlet of the temperature limiting device whilst hot water will continue to be supplied to the hot water inlet of the temperature limiting device.

These conditions may result in either water at a temperature exceeding the requirements of AS/NZS 3500.4 being delivered to the hot water outlets in the ablution areas, or the device closing completely and not delivering water at all, or the device failing. Under either condition, the operation and performance of the device cannot be guaranteed.



Circulated Hot Water Flow and Return – Continuous Electric Water Heater

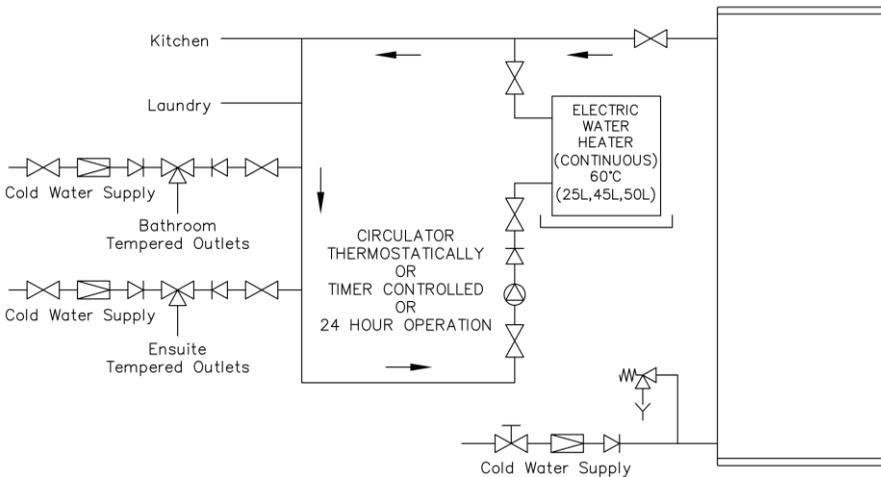
Off-Peak or Time Controlled Electricity Supply

A single or twin element electric water heater connected to an Off-Peak electricity supply should not be installed as part of a circulated hot water flow and return system in a building. The benefits of the Off-Peak electricity supply will be significantly reduced.

If a circulated flow and return system is required, it is necessary to install a secondary water heater supplied from the Off-Peak electric water heater. The flow and return lines connect to the secondary water heater, not the Off-Peak electric water heater. The secondary water heater makes up for the pipe heat loss in the flow and return system and must be able to provide a hot water outlet temperature of at least 60°C.

Note: The thermostat or preset outlet temperature of the secondary water heater must always be set to maintain a temperature of at least 60°C in the hot water flow and return line, including making up pipe heat losses in the system.

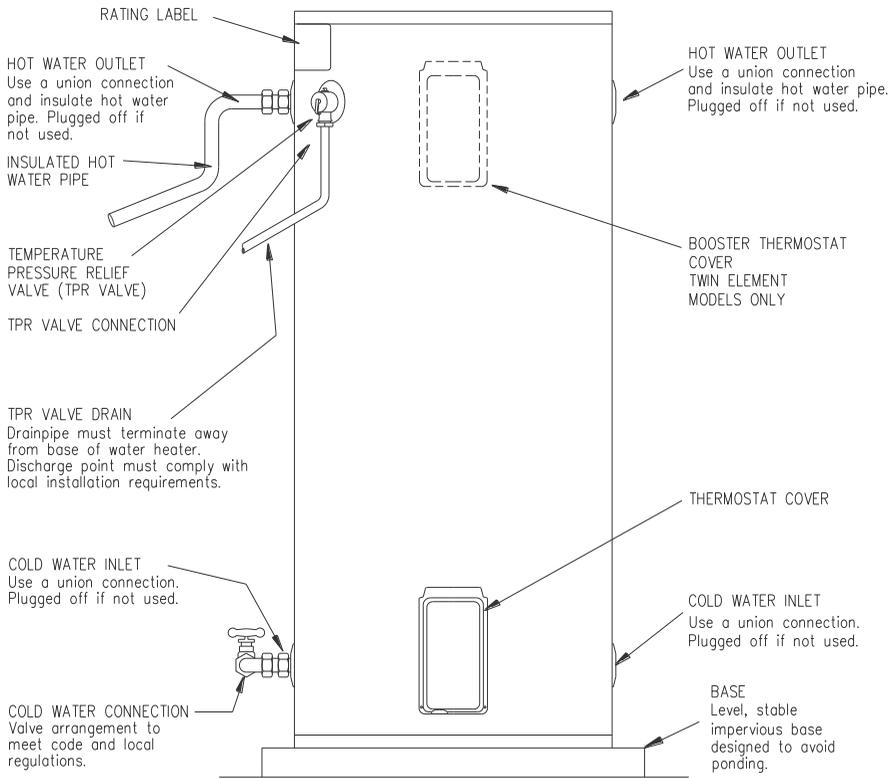
Refer to the **Circulated Hot Water Flow and Return – Off-Peak Electric Water Heater** diagram on page 33.



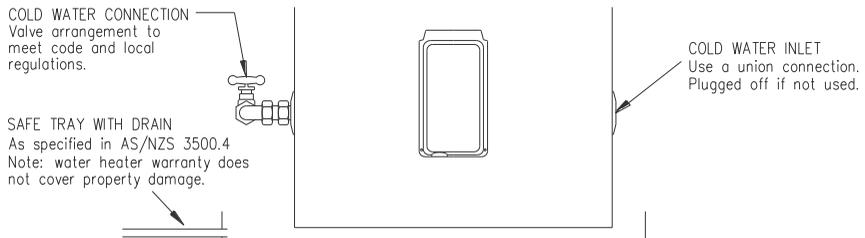
NOTE: A PLV IS REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED ON THE COLD SUPPLY LINE TO THE TEMPERING VALVE IF A PLV IS INSTALLED ON THE COLD SUPPLY LINE TO THE WATER HEATER.

Circulated Hot Water Flow and Return System Off-Peak Electric Water Heater

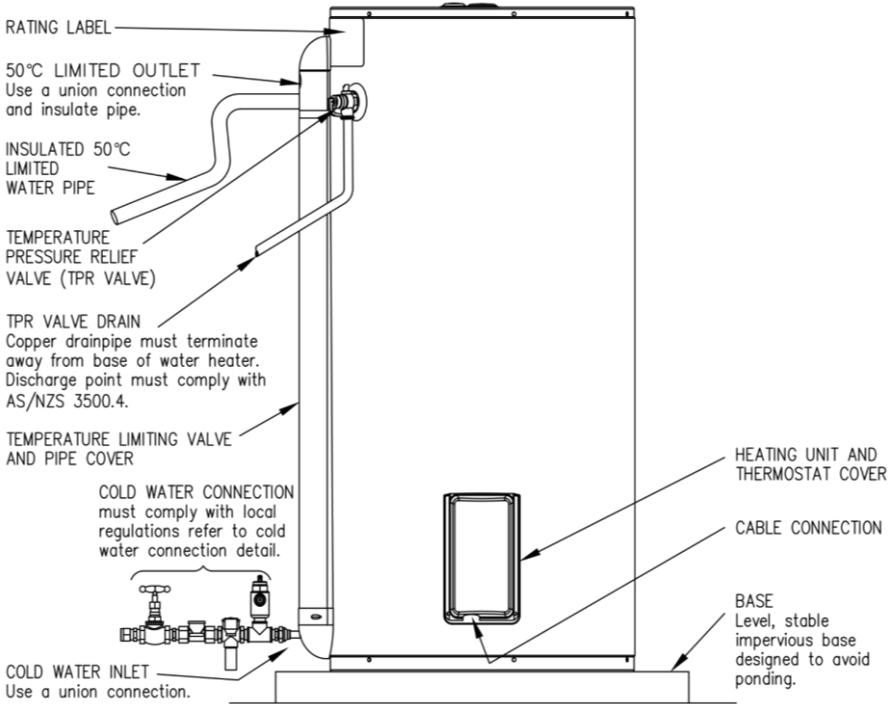
TYPICAL INSTALLATION RHEEMGLAS 49 SERIES – OUTDOOR LOCATION



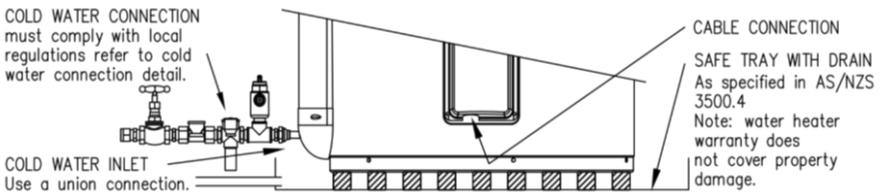
TYPICAL INSTALLATION RHEEMGLAS 49 SERIES – INDOOR LOCATION



TYPICAL INSTALLATION RHEEMPLUS 42 SERIES – OUTDOOR LOCATION

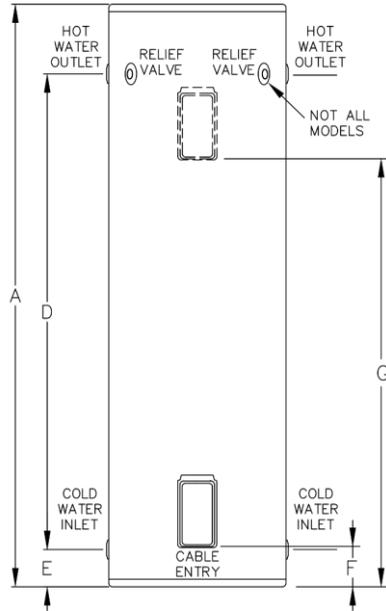
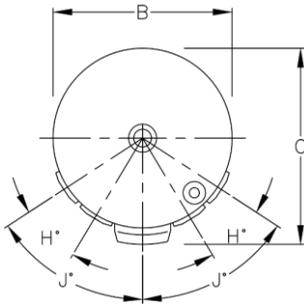


TYPICAL INSTALLATION RHEEMPLUS 42 SERIES – INDOOR LOCATION



DIMENSIONS AND TECHNICAL DATA – RHEEMGLAS 49 SERIES 080 TO 160

Note: 491, 492160 models have the TPR valve fitting on the left hand side only.



Rheemglas Single Element	DH		491080	491125	491160
Rheemglas Twin Element	DH		-	-	492160
Hot Water Delivery	Litres		80	125	160
Boost Capacity	Litres		-	-	45
Dimensions	A	mm	945	1340	1610
	B	mm	480	480	480
	C	mm	515	515	515
	D	mm	702	1102	1332
	E	mm	64	64	104
	F	mm	66	66	66
	G	mm	-	-	1081
	H	deg	24	24	23
	J	deg	60	60	58
TPR Valve Setting	kPa		1400	1400	1400
Weight	cartoned	kg	38	51	60

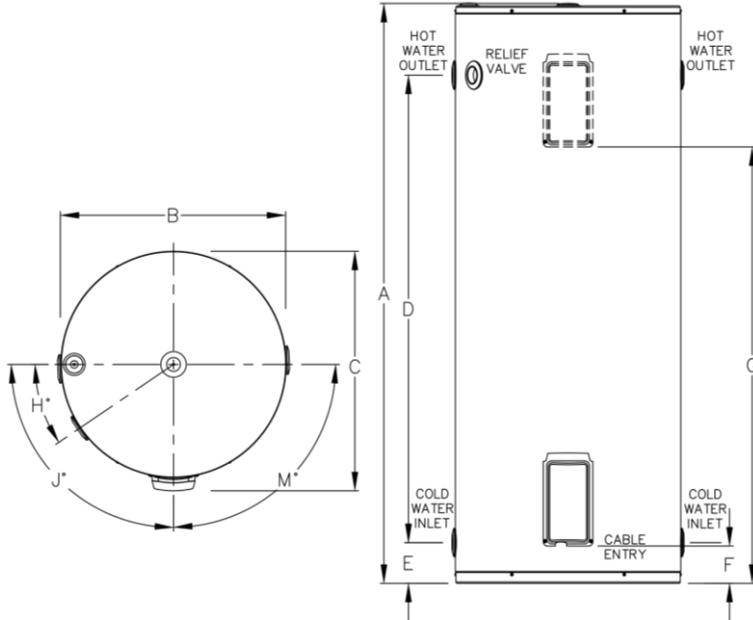
All models are suitable for either indoor or outdoor installation.

491 series 080 to 125 models have left and right hand (dual handed - DH) water and TPR valve connections.

491, 492 series 160 models have left and right hand (dual handed - DH) water connections and a TPR valve fitting on the left hand side only.

Technical data is subject to change.

DIMENSIONS AND TECHNICAL DATA – RHEEMGLAS 49 SERIES 250 TO 400



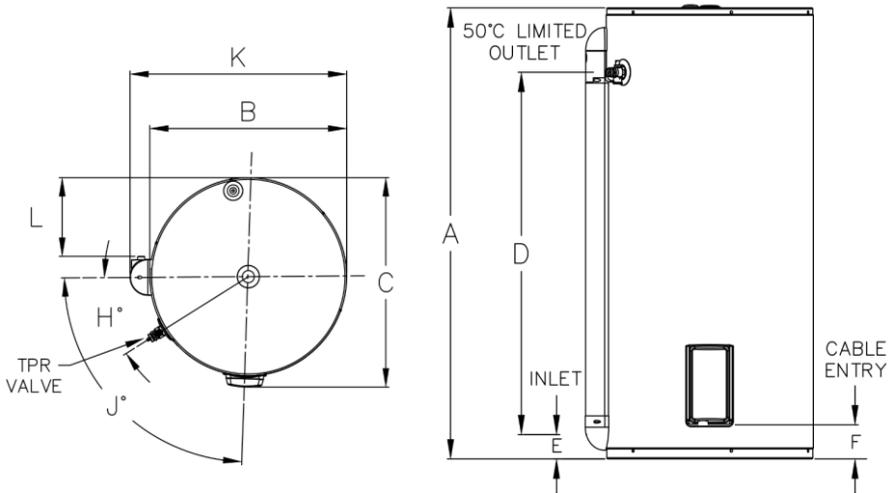
Rheemglas Single Element	DH		491250	491315	491400
Rheemglas Twin Element	DH		492250	492315	492400
Hot Water Delivery	Litres		250	315	400
Boost Capacity	Litres		50	50	90
Dimensions	A	mm	1396	1640	1840
	B	mm	640	640	690
	C	mm	680	680	730
	D	mm	1109	1317	1479
	E	mm	73	113	121
	F	mm	103	103	105
	G	mm	988	1228	1323
	H	deg	32	32	30
	J	deg	88	88	83
	M	deg	92	92	97
TPR Valve Setting	kPa		1000	1000	1000
Weight	cartoned	kg	82	97	120

All models are suitable for either indoor or outdoor installation.

491, 492 series 250 to 400 models have left and right hand (dual handed - DH) water connections and a TPR valve fitting on the left hand side only.

Technical data is subject to change.

DIMENSIONS AND TECHNICAL DATA – RHEEMPLUS 42 SERIES 125 TO 315



RheemPlus Single Element		LH	421125	421160	421250	421315
Hot Water Delivery		Litres	125	160	250	315
Dimensions	A	mm	1340	1610	1395	1640
	B	mm	480	480	640	640
	C	mm	515	515	680	680
	D	mm	1102	1332	1117	1317
	E	mm	64	104	73	113
	F	mm	66	66	103	103
	H	deg	23	23	32	32
	J	deg	58	58	88	88
	K	mm	545	545	705	705
	L	mm	183	183	262	262
TPR Valve Setting		kPa	1400	1400	1000	1000
Weight	cartoned	kg	52	60	82	97

All models are suitable for either indoor or outdoor installation.
 42 series models have left hand (LH) water and TPR valve connections only.
 Technical data is subject to change.

CONNECTIONS – PLUMBING

All plumbing work must be carried out by a qualified person and in accordance with the Standard AS/NZS 3500.4 and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

CONNECTION SIZES

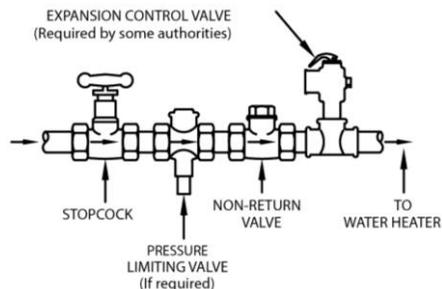
	Rheemglas 49 series	RheemPlus 42 series
• Hot water outlet connection:	Rp 3/4	-
• 50°C limited outlet connection	-	G 3/4 B
• Cold water inlet connection:	Rp 3/4	G 3/4 B
• Relief valve connection:	Rp 1/2	Rp 1/2

WATER INLET AND OUTLET

Rheemglas 49 series 080 to 400 models have dual handed cold inlet and hot outlet water connections. The water connections can be made to either side. RheemPlus 42 series 125 to 315 models have the cold inlet and 50°C limited outlet water connections on the left hand side only.

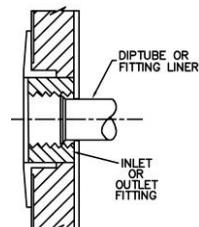
All pipe work must be cleared of foreign matter before connection and purged before attempting to operate the water heater. All olive compression fittings must use brass or copper olives. Use an approved thread sealant such as Teflon tape on all sealing threads.

An isolation valve and non-return valve must be installed on the cold water line to the water heater. An acceptable arrangement is shown in the diagram. Refer also to **“Hot Water Delivery”** on page 30 and to **“Mains Water Supply”** on page 29.



A disconnection union must always be provided at the cold water inlet and hot water outlet or 50°C limited outlet on the water heater to allow for disconnection of the water heater.

This water heater has either a plastic dip tube or fitting liner in the inlet and outlet fittings (see diagram). These must be in place for the water heater to function properly. Do not remove or damage them by using heat nearby. They will be pushed into the correct position as the fitting is screwed in.



LEFT AND RIGHT HAND SIDE WATER CONNECTIONS

The cold and hot water supplies (49 series 080 to 400 models) and temperature pressure relief valve (49 series 080 and 125 models) can be connected to either side of a water heater. A kit is supplied with the water heater to plug off the unused cold water and hot water fittings, and where applicable the unused temperature pressure relief valve fitting.

The kit contains:

Models 080 and 125

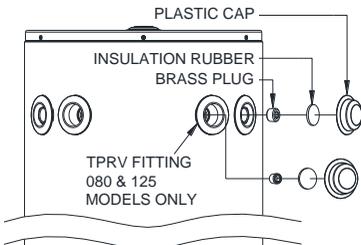
- 2 x 3/4" brass plugs
- 1 x 1/2" brass plug
- 3 x plastic caps
- 3 x insulation rubber discs, pre-fitted into plastic caps

Models 160 to 400

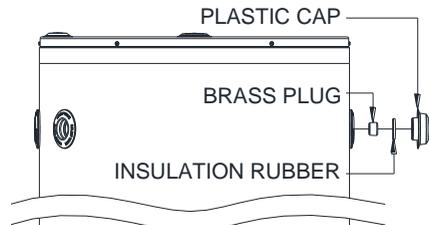
- 2 x 3/4" brass plugs
- 2 x plastic caps
- 2 x insulation rubber discs, pre-fitted into plastic caps

Plugging Off Unused Connections

- Apply approved sealing tape or compound to the thread of each plug.
- Fit the 3/4" plugs to the unused cold water fitting and unused hot water fitting. Tighten the plugs using a 3/8" square driver.
- Fit the 1/2" plug to the unused TPR valve fitting (080 to 125 models). Tighten the plug using a 3/8" square driver.
- Fit a plastic cap with its insulation rubber disc over each plug.



080 to 160 models



250 to 400 models

PIPE SIZES

This water heater is intended to be permanently connected to the water mains and not connected by a hose-set. A braided flexible hose or semi-flexible connector may be used for connection to the water heater, where permitted by AS/NZS 3500.4.

⚠ Warning: To prevent malfunction of the temperature limiting valve, connecting pipe work must not be inserted deeper than 15 mm into the outlet connection of a RheemPlus water heater.

To achieve true mains pressure operation, the cold water line to the water heater should be the same size or bigger than the hot water line from the water heater.

The pipe sizing for hot water supply systems should be carried out by persons competent to do so, choosing the most suitable pipe size for each individual application. Reference to the technical specifications of the water heater and local regulatory authority requirements must be made.

TEMPERATURE PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

The water heater has a temperature pressure relief valve connection on its left hand side. The 49 series 080 and 125 models have a second temperature pressure relief valve connection on the right hand side.

The temperature pressure relief valve is shipped either under the top flap of the water heater carton or behind the front cover or in a plastic bag attached to the water heater. The temperature pressure relief valve must be fitted before the water heater is operated. Before fitting the relief valve, make sure the probe has not been bent.

To fit the relief valve:

- Seal the thread with an approved thread sealant such as Teflon tape - never hemp. Make sure tape does not hang over the end of the thread.
- Hand tighten the valve into the selected opening, marked “Relief Valve” (refer to the [installation diagram](#) on page 34).
- Using a spanner engaged on the valve’s spanner flats and applying medium pressure to tighten, turn the relief valve an additional ½ to 1 ½ turns to secure and make the joint water tight, leaving the valve drain pointing downwards.

⚠ Warning: Do not use a pipe wrench or poor fitting tool on the valve body nor over tighten the valve, as this could damage the valve and prevent safe operation.

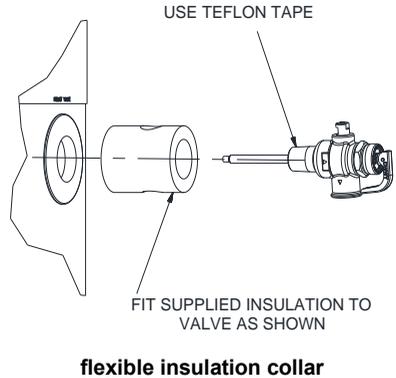
- Operate the easing lever on the valve to check the smooth operation of the valve plunger. It is very important the lever is raised and lowered gently. The lever should move smoothly and without undue force.

If the lever cannot be moved or is jerky in its movement, then the valve has been damaged and must be replaced.

- A copper drain line must be fitted to the temperature pressure relief valve (refer to "**Relief Valve Drain**" on page 43).
- The valve must be insulated with closed cell polymer insulation or similar (minimum thickness 9 mm) and the insulation installed so as not to impede the operation of the valve.

The insulation must be weatherproof and UV resistant if exposed.

The flexible insulation collar supplied with the temperature pressure relief valve meets these requirements and must be placed over the body of the valve (refer to the **diagram** on page 42).



If the water heater has a second relief valve fitting, refer to "**Left and Right Hand Side Water Connections**" on page 40.

EXPANSION CONTROL VALVE

Local regulations may make it mandatory to install an expansion control valve (ECV) in the cold water line to the water heater. In other areas, an ECV is required if the saturation index is greater than +0.4 (refer to "**Water Supplies**" on page 19).

The expansion control valve must always be installed after the non-return valve and be the last valve installed prior to the water heater (refer to the **cold water connection diagram** on page 39). A copper drain line must be fitted to the expansion control valve (refer to "**Relief Valve Drain**" on page 43).

The valve, if installed within 500 mm of the water heater, must be insulated with closed cell polymer insulation or similar (minimum thickness 9 mm) and the insulation installed so as not to impede the operation of the valve. The insulation must be weatherproof and UV resistant if exposed.

RELIEF VALVE DRAIN

DN15 copper drain lines must be fitted to the temperature pressure relief valve and expansion control valve (if one is installed) to carry the discharge clear of the water heater. Connect the drain lines to the valves using disconnection unions. The drain line from the valve to the point of discharge should be as short as possible, have a continuous fall all the way from the water heater to the discharge outlet and have no tap, valves or other restrictions in the pipe work. A drain line from a relief valve must comply with the requirements of AS/NZS 3500.4.

A drain line must be no longer than nine (9) metres with no more than three bends greater than 45° before discharging at an outlet or air break. The maximum length of nine (9) metres for a drain line is reduced by one (1) metre for each additional bend required of greater than 45°, up to a maximum of three additional bends. Where the distance to the point of final discharge exceeds this length, the drain line can discharge into a tundish.

Subject to local regulatory authority approval, the drain lines from the temperature pressure relief valve and expansion control valve from an individual water heater may be interconnected.

The outlet of a drain line must be in such a position that flow out of the pipe can be easily seen, but arranged so discharge will not cause injury, damage or nuisance. The termination point of a drain line must comply with the requirements of AS/NZS 3500.4. Drain lines must not discharge into a safe tray.

In locations where water pipes are prone to freezing, drain lines must be insulated, must not exceed 300 mm in length and are to discharge into a tundish through an air gap of between 75 mm and 150 mm.

If a drain line discharges into a tundish, the drain line from the tundish must be not less than DN20. The drain line from a tundish must meet the same requirements as for a drain line from a relief valve.

⚠ Warning: As the function of the temperature pressure relief valve on this water heater is to discharge high temperature water under certain conditions, it is strongly recommended the pipe work downstream of the relief valve be capable of carrying water exceeding 93°C. Failure to observe this precaution may result in damage to pipe work and property.

CONNECTIONS – ELECTRICAL

The power supply to the water heater must not be switched on until the water heater is filled with water and a satisfactory megger reading is obtained.

All electrical work and permanent wiring must be carried out by a qualified person and in accordance with the edition of the Wiring Rules AS/NZS 3000 in force in the state or territory at the time of installation, and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

WATER HEATER

The water heater must be directly connected to a 220 V - 240 V a.c. 50 Hz mains power supply with an isolating switch installed at the switchboard.

The Wiring Rules AS/NZS 3000:2018 requires a second and lockable isolating switch be installed adjacent to but not on or attached to the water heater, and a residual current device (RCD) installed in the electrical circuit to the water heater. This isolating switch must isolate both circuits to a twin element water heater.

The power supply to a **twin element model** should be Off-Peak (overnight) to the **bottom heating unit** and continuous to the **top heating unit**. The power supply to a **single element model** can be either an **Off-Peak (overnight)**, **Extended Off-Peak (overnight and day)** or **continuous** electricity supply, depending upon the size of the water heater. Check with the local electricity supply authority as to their requirements. An Off-Peak (overnight) power supply will provide the maximum financial savings. Discuss the power supply requirements with the householder.

A flexible 20 mm conduit is required for the electrical cable to the water heater. The conduit is to be connected to the unit with a 20 mm terminator.

Connect the power supply wires directly to the terminal block and earth tab connection, ensuring there are no excess wire loops inside the front cover. The temperature rating of the power supply wires insulation must suit this application, or the wiring protected by insulating sleeving with an appropriate temperature rating if it can make contact with the internal storage cylinder. The temperature of the internal storage cylinder can reach 70°C under normal operation.

THERMOSTAT SETTING

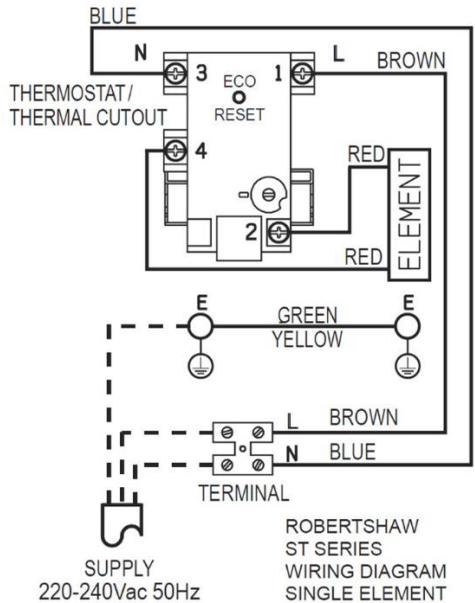
The thermostat on a Rheemglas 49 series 080 to 400 litre model (bottom thermostat on twin element models) and a RheemPlus 42 series 125 to 315 litre model is tradesperson adjustable from 60°C to 70°C. The factory setting of the thermostat is 70°C for these models.

The thermostat is adjusted by turning the adjuster anticlockwise to decrease the temperature setting and clockwise to increase the temperature setting. Only adjust the thermostat setting when the isolating switch is switched off at the switchboard. The top thermostat on a twin element model is fixed at 60°C and cannot be adjusted.

The thermostat of a RheemPlus 42 series model should not be set to less than 65°C. This is to assist in the specified operation of the temperature limiting valve.

For reasons of safety and economy, we advise the thermostat be set at the lowest temperature that will provide sufficient hot water. Dishwasher running costs can be adversely affected if the thermostat is set below 65°C. Discuss the thermostat setting requirements with the householder.

WIRING DIAGRAM – SINGLE ELEMENT WATER HEATERS



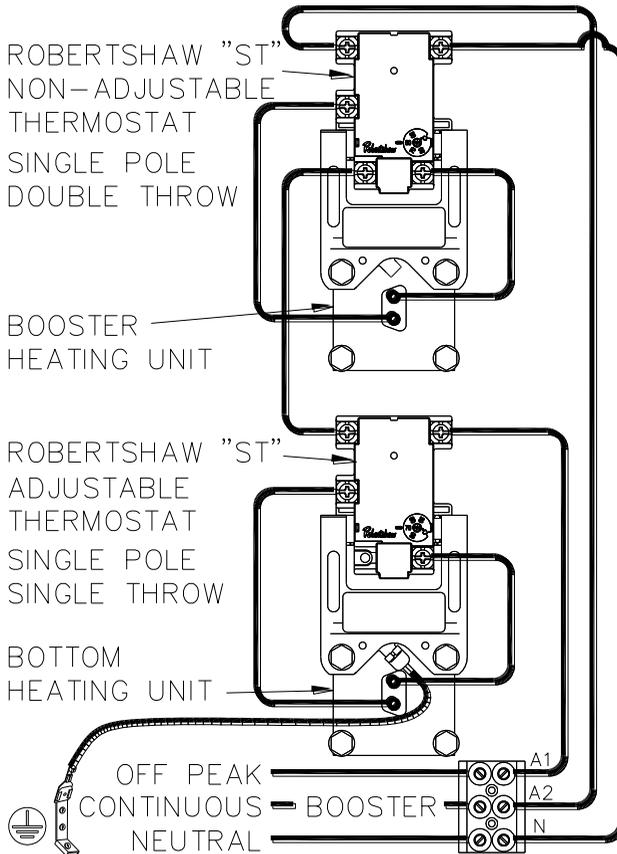
Thermostat – tradesperson adjustable

min 60°C, max 70°C.

Electrical Circuit for Single Element Models – Robertshaw “ST” Thermostats

**WIRING DIAGRAM TWIN ELEMENT ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS
NON-SIMULTANEOUS OPERATION OFF-PEAK CONNECTION**

THIS DIAGRAM IS FOR ROBERTSHAW
"ST" THERMOSTATS



Top thermostat – fixed setting

60°C.

Bottom thermostat – tradesperson adjustable

min 60°C, max 70°C.

Electrical Circuit for Twin Element Models – Robertshaw "ST" Thermostats

The active from the continuous supply must be connected to the top heating unit circuit and the active from the Off-Peak or time controlled supply must be connected to the bottom heating unit circuit.

COMMISSIONING

TO FILL AND TURN ON THE WATER HEATER

The power supply to the water heater must not be switched on until the water heater is filled with water and a satisfactory megger reading is obtained.

- Open all of the hot water taps in the house (don't forget the shower).
- Open the cold water isolation valve fully on the cold water line to the water heater.

Air will be forced out of the taps.

- Close each tap as water flows freely from it.
- Check the pipe work for leaks.
- Inspect for leaks at the temperature pressure relief valve connection to the water heater.

If a leak is detected, close the cold water isolation valve fully and relieve pressure from the water heater by either operating the easing lever on the temperature pressure relief valve or opening a hot tap. Remove the valve and all of its thread sealant from the threads of the valve. Reapply new thread sealant and refit the valve. Refer to the procedure in **“Temperature Pressure Relief Valve”** on page 41.

- Operate the easing lever on the temperature pressure relief valve to check the smooth operation of the valve plunger and that water discharges freely from the drain line. It is very important the lever is raised and lowered gently. The lever should move smoothly and without undue force.

If the lever cannot be moved or is jerky in its movement, then the valve has been damaged and must be replaced.

- Switch on the electrical supply at the water heater isolating switch on the switchboard and at the isolating switch at the water heater (if installed).

The temperature limiting valve on a RheemPlus 42 series water heater is factory set to provide 50°C hot water at the outlet. If it is necessary to adjust the outlet temperature of a RheemPlus model, refer to **“Outlet Temperature Compensation Adjustment – RheemPlus”** on page 48.

Explain to the householder or a responsible officer the functions and operation of the water heater.

Upon completion of the installation and commissioning of the water heater, leave this guide with the householder or a responsible officer.

OUTLET TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENT – RHEEMPLUS

The maximum outlet temperature of a RheemPlus 50°C limited water heater may be adjusted to compensate for temperature losses in the pipe work between the water heater outlet and fixtures used primarily for personal hygiene. This adjustment may only be made by a plumber.

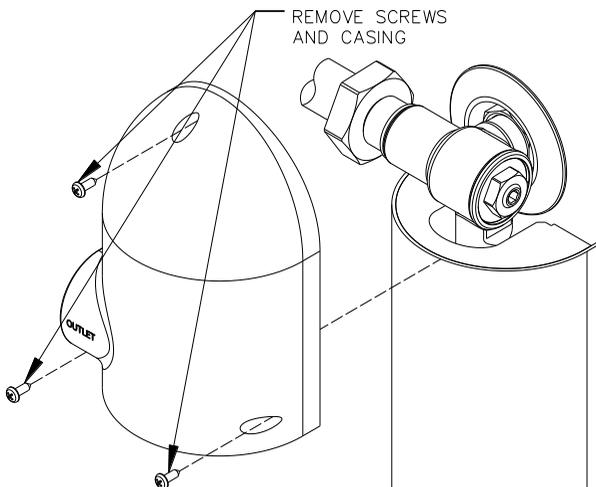
⚠ Warning: After adjustment of the temperature limiting valve, the water temperature **MUST NOT** exceed 50°C from the first tap in the pipe work after the water heater and used for personal hygiene, such as in a bathroom or ensuite.

To adjust the maximum outlet temperature:

- Ensure the temperature of the water in the water heater is up to the thermostat setting on the water heater.

The temperature of the water can be measured at the temperature pressure relief valve drain discharge point. Do not measure this temperature from a hot tap

- Operate the easing lever on the temperature pressure relief valve and place the thermometer in the flow of water from the relief valve drain line.
- Remove the upper plastic casing and insulation covering the pipe work on the side of the water heater, by removing the three (3) retaining screws, to expose the temperature limiting valve.



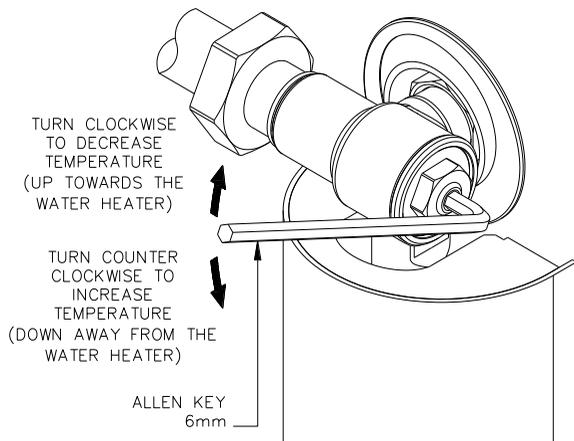
- Locate the first hot tap in the hot water pipe work after the water heater used for personal hygiene.
- Turn on the hot tap fully to achieve maximum flow.

- Using a thermometer, measure the temperature of the water from the tap, until the temperature stops increasing.

If the water temperature is below 50°C the maximum outlet temperature of the water heater can be adjusted upwards.

- Turn the adjusting knob on the temperature limiting valve counter-clockwise (down away from the water heater), using a 6 mm Allen key.

Turning the adjusting knob counter clockwise (down away from the water heater) increases the outlet water temperature, turning it clockwise (up towards the water heater) decreases the outlet water temperature.



- Repeat the water temperature measurement from the same hot tap.
- Further adjust the temperature limiting valve as required, turning the adjusting knob either counter clockwise (down away from the water heater) or clockwise (up towards the water heater) to increase or decrease the outlet water temperature, until an acceptable water temperature not exceeding 50°C is measured at the same hot tap.

Note: The valve has a stop point for the maximum outlet water temperature adjustment. The outlet water temperature cannot be increased beyond this point. It is possible that, depending upon valve tolerances and the pipe work design, 50°C water temperature may not be attainable at the hot tap. The valve does not have a stop point for the minimum outlet water temperature adjustment. If adjusted too far, the adjustment screw will disengage and a water leak will result. If this occurs, turn the adjustment screw counter clockwise (down away from the water heater) to re-engage with the valve and stop the leak.

- Turn off the hot tap.
- Replace the insulation and plastic casing to cover the temperature limiting valve and pipe work on the side of the water heater and secure using the three (3) retaining screws.

TO TURN OFF THE WATER HEATER

If it is necessary to turn off the water heater on completion of the installation, such as on a building site or where the premises is vacant, then;

- Switch off the electrical supply at the water heater isolating switch on the switchboard and at the isolating switch at the water heater (if installed).
- Close the cold water isolation valve at the inlet to the water heater.

DRAINING THE WATER HEATER

 **Warning:** Exercise care, as water discharged from the water heater may be of a very high temperature.

To drain the water heater:

- Turn off the water heater (refer to **“To Turn Off The Water Heater”** on page 50).
- Close all hot water taps.
- Operate the relief valve lever - do not let the lever snap back or you will damage the valve seat. **It is very important the lever is raised and lowered gently.**

Operating the lever will release the pressure in the water heater.

- Undo the union at the cold water inlet to the water heater and attach a hose to the water heater side of the union.

Let the other end of the hose go to a drain.

- Open the relief valve by holding the lever in the raised position.

This will let air into the water heater and allow the water to drain through the hose.

